

Insulin Order & Prescription Form

For Type 2 Diabetes Management
Refer immediately to endocrinology if client is pregnant, planning pregnancy or has T1DM

	Step 1: Choose Insulin Type to be administered subcutaneously	Step 2: Enter Starting Dose		r Titration/Adjustmen	t Instructions (Authorization)
BASAL	Long-acting analogues (clear) □ Basaglar™ □ Prefilled pen □ Cartridge □ Lantus® □ Prefilled pen □ Cartridge □ Vial □ Levemir® □ Prefilled pen □ Cartridge □ Tresiba® □ U100 □ U200 □ Prefilled pen □ Toujeo™ □ SoloSTAR □ DoubleSTAR □ Prefilled pen Intermediate acting (cloudy) □ Humulin® N □ Prefilled pen □ Cartridge □ Vial	Once daily dosing:units at bedtimeunits at: Twice daily dosing:units at:units at:units at:	†Adjust dose For evening do	2: □1 unit every 1 or more sing adjust until Fasting BG	days OR
BOLUS	Rapid-acting analogues (clear) Take 0-10 min before meal Admelog® □ Prefilled pen □ Cartridge □ Vial □ Apidra® □ Prefilled pen □ Cartridge □ Vial □ Fiasp® □ Prefilled pen □ Cartridge □ Vial □ Humalog® □ Prefilled pen □ Cartridge □ Vial □ Humalog® 200 units/ml □ Prefilled pen □ Novorapid® □ Prefilled pen □ Cartridge □ Vial	ac Breakfast:units ac Lunch:units ac Dinner:	†Adjust BREAKFAST dose: 1 unit every 1 or more days OR _up tounits everyor more days Until 2hr pc Breakfast BG is less than: 10.0 mmol/L ormmol/L OR until ac Lunch BG is between: 4.0-7.0 mmol/L or mmol/L †Adjust LUNCH dose: 1 unit every 1 or more days OR _up tounits everyor more days Until 2 hr pc Lunch BG is less than: 10.0 mmol/L OR mmol/L OR until ac Dinner BG is between: 4.0-7.0 mmol/L OR mmol/L		
	☐ Trurapi™ ☐ Prefilled pen ☐ Cartridge Short-acting (clear) Take 30 min before meal ☐ Humulin® R ☐ Cartridge ☐ Vial ☐ Novolin®ge Toronto ☐ Cartridge ☐ Vial	units	†Adjust DINNER dose: □1 unit every 1 or more days OR □up tounits everyor more days Until 2hr pc Dinner BG is less than: □10.0 mmol/L or □ mmol/L		
PREMIXED	Premixed analogues (cloudy) Take 0-10 min before meal ☐ Humalog® Mix 25™ ☐ Prefilled pen ☐ Cartridge ☐ Humalog® Mix 50™ ☐ Prefilled pen ☐ Cartridge ☐ Novomix® 30 ☐ Cartridge Premixed regular (cloudy) Take 30 min before meal	ac Breakfast:units	†Adjust BREAKFAST dose: ☐ 1 unit every 1 or more days OR ☐ up tounits everyor more days Until ac Dinner BG is between: ☐ 4.0 – 7.0 mmol/L or ☐ mmol/L Without causing hypoglycemia post-breakfast.		
	 ☐ Humulin® 30/70 ☐ Cartridge ☐ Vial ☐ Novolin®ge 30/70 ☐ Cartridge ☐ Vial ☐ Novolin®ge 40/60 ☐ Cartridge ☐ Novolin®ge 50/50 ☐ Cartridge 	ac Dinner:units	+Adjust DINNER dose: ☐ 1 unit every 1 or more days OR ☐ up tounits everyor more days Until Fasting BG is between: ☐ 4.0 – 7.0 mmol/L or ☐ =mmol/L Without causing hypoglycemia post-dinner.		
Ē			= 1000	Notes:	Prescriber Information/Stamp:
,	Supplies:boxes xrepeats = pen = pen needles = syringes = meter strips = la		incets		Name (printed): License #:
OTHER ANTIHYPERGLYCEMIC AGENT(S) Rx: Upon Insulin Initiation To Discontinue: To continue (new Rx) (name, route, dose & frequency):					Address: Tel: Fax:
Diabetes in Canada (Diabetes Canada) and revised September 2017. April 2018 & July 2022 to include new insulins					Date (m/d/y): Signature:



INSULIN INITIATION AND TITRATION SUGGESTIONS

(For type 2 diabetes)

People starting insulin should be counseled about the prevention, recognition and treatment of hypoglycemia.

The following are suggestions for insulin initiation and titration. Clinical judgment should always be used as the suggestions may not apply to every patient.

Basal Insulin added to Oral Antihyperglycemic Agents (Lantus®, Levemir®, Humulin® N, Novolin®ge NPH)

- Target fasting blood glucose (BG) of 4-7 mmol/L
- Most patients will need 40-50 units at bedtime to achieve target but there is no maximum dose
- Start at a low dose of 10 units at bedtime (may start at lower dose (0.1-0.2 units/kg) for lean patients (< 50 kg))
- Patient should gently self-titrate by increasing the dose by I unit every night until fasting BG target of 4-7 mmol/L is achieved
- · When fasting BG target is achieved, the patient should remain on that dose until reassessed by their diabetes team
- If fasting hypoglycemia occurs, the dose of bedtime basal should be reduced
- · Metformin and the secretagogue are usually maintained when basal insulin is added
- If daytime hypoglycemia occurs, reduce the oral antihyperglycemic agents (especially secretagogues)
- Lantus[®] or Levemir[®] can be given at bedtime or in the morning

Basal + Bolus Insulins

- When basal insulin is not enough to achieve glycemic control, bolus insulin should be added before meals. There is the option
 of only adding bolus insulin to the meal with the highest postprandial BG as a starting point for the patient who is not ready
 for more injections.
- For current basal insulin users, maintain the basal dose and add bolus insulin with each meal at a dose equivalent to 10% of the basal dose. For example, if the patient is on 50 units of basal insulin, add 5 units of bolus insulin with each meal
- For new insulin users starting with Basal + Bolus regimen, calculate total daily insulin dose (TDI) as 0.3 to 0.5 units / kg, then
 distribute as follows:
 - o 40% of TDI dose as basal insulin (Lantus®, Levemir®, Humulin® N, Novolin®ge NPH) at bedtime
 - o 20% of TDI dose as bolus insulin prior to each meal
- Rapid-acting insulin analogues (Apidra[®], Humalog[®], NovoRapid[®]) should be given immediately before eating
- Short-acting insulin (Humulin® R, Novolin®ge Toronto) should be given 30 minutes before eating
- Adjust the dose of the <u>basal</u> insulin to achieve the target <u>fasting</u> BG level (usually 4-7 mmol/L)
- Adjust the dose of the bolus insulin to achieve postprandial BG levels (usually 5-10 mmol/L)
- Consider stopping the secretagogue when bolus insulin is added

Premixed Insulin before breakfast and before dinner (Humalog® Mix25®, Humalog Mix50®, NovoMix® 30, Humulin® 30/70, Novolin®ge 30/70, Novolin®ge 40/60, Novolin®ge 50/50)

- Target fasting and presupper BG levels of 4-7 mmol/L
- Most patients with type 2 diabetes will need 40-50 units twice a day to achieve target but there is no maximum dose
- Start at a low dose of 5 to 10 units twice daily (before breakfast and before supper)
- Patient can gently self-titrate by increasing the breakfast dose by I unit every day until the presupper BG is at target
- Patient can gently self-titrate by increasing the supper dose by I unit every day until the fasting BG is at target
- Beware of hypoglycemia post-breakfast or post-supper. Stop increasing dose if this occurs
- · When target BG levels are achieved, the patient should remain on that dose until reassessed by their diabetes team
- Premixed analogue insulins (Humalog® Mix25,® Humalog Mix50®, NovoMix® 30) should be given immediately before
 eating
- Premixed regular insulins (Humulin® 30/70, Novolin®ge 30/70 or 40/60 or 50/50) should be given 30 minutes before
 eating
- Continue the meformin and consider stopping the secretagogue

Basal Insulin Example

Starting dose 10 units at bedtime

Increase dose by I unit every I night until fasting blood glucose has reached the target of **4-7** mmol/L

Basal + Bolus example (80kg person)

Total daily insulin = 0.5 units/kg

 $= 0.5 \times 80$

TDI = 40 units

Basal insulin = 40% of TDI

 $= 40\% \times 40$ units

Basal bedtime = 16 units

Bolus insulin = 60% of TDI

 $= 60\% \times 40 \text{ units}$

Bolus = 24 units

= 8 units with each meal

Premixed insulin example

10 units ac breakfast

10 units ac supper

Increase breakfast dose by I unitevery I day until presupper blood glucose has reached the target of 4-7 mmol/L

Increase supper dose by I unit every I day until fasting blood glucose has reached the target of **4-7** mmol/L

Source: Ontario College of Family Physicians Insulin Prescription Tool - March 2014 (used by TDCC with permission from OCFP)